

Local Government (Wales) Bill

Statement of Policy Intent for Subordinate Legislation and Other Delegated Legislative Powers

January 2015

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Introduction

- 1. This document provides an indication of the current policy intention for the subordinate legislation, directions, determinations and guidance which the Welsh Ministers are empowered or required to make under provisions of the Local Government (Wales) Bill ("the Bill").
- 2. The Statement has been published in order to assist the responsible Assembly Committee during the scrutiny of the Bill. It should be read in conjunction with the Explanatory Memorandum and Explanatory Notes which accompany the Bill. Details of the Assembly procedure associated with each of these powers are set out in chapter 5 of the Explanatory Memorandum and are not repeated in this document.
- 3. The key purposes of the Bill are to:
 - allow for certain preparatory work to enable a programme of local government mergers and reform in Wales; and
 - facilitate voluntary early mergers of Principal Local Authorities, by April 2018.

The Bill also amends existing legislative provision in the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (relating to the Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales; and the survey of councillors and unsuccessful candidates at local elections) and the Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (in relation to electoral reviews).

Section of the Bill	Description of Power and Linkages	Reason for the Power	Policy Intention	Anticipated Timescale	
Voluntar	Voluntary mergers of Local Authorities				
3(1)	The Welsh Ministers have the power to make regulations which set an alternative date to that in the Bill (ie 30 November 2015) for receipt of an application proposing the voluntary merger of Principal Local Authority Areas. This power is linked to that in section 5(1) because the 30 November 2015 date is set out in the guidance, which will have statutory effect.	The Welsh Ministers may need to change the date in the Bill by which applications for voluntary mergers are received.	The date in the Bill for receipt of applications by Principal Local Authorities to merge their areas is predicated on the Bill being approved by the National Assembly and receiving Royal Assent in November 2015. Any delay to this may necessitate use of the Welsh Ministers' powers to postpone the date for receipt of applications, until after a later Royal Assent in order to facilitate voluntary mergers.	This is a discretionary power to be utilised if required.	
5(1)	The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance to Principal Local Authorities on matters relating to applications under section 3(1) proposing the voluntary merger of existing Principal Local Authority Areas. This power links to that in section 6(1) because	The Welsh Ministers need to issue guidance to assist Principal Local Authorities on matters relating to the making of an application for voluntary merger.	The Welsh Ministers issued guidance in the form of an 'Invitation to Principal Local Authorities in Wales to submit proposals for voluntary merger' ("the mergers prospectus") on 18 September 2014. The guidance, which is intended to facilitate the operation of the Bill, sets a process and	Guidance was issued on 18 September 2014 and is to be given retrospective statutory application by section 5(3) of the Bill.	

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	applications for early voluntary merger will form the basis for any merger regulations made under section 6(1)		timeline to achieve voluntary mergers by April 2018.	
6(1)	The Welsh Ministers have the power to make regulations ("merger regulations") to merge existing Principal Local Authority Areas following receipt of a merger application under section 3(1) of the Bill. This power will give effect to proposed voluntary early merger applications received under section 3(1) (and informed by the guidance issued under section 5(1)) which are deemed appropriate by the Welsh Ministers.	Regulations will give effect to voluntary mergers following receipt by the Welsh Ministers of applications which, in the view of the Welsh Ministers, satisfy the principles and guidance contained in the guidance / mergers prospectus.	Regulations will, amongst other things, establish the new Principal Area and Council for that area. They will cover a range of practical matters including the establishment of Shadow Authorities, the timing of elections and consequential etc provision to give full effect to the mergers. A list of provisions, which must be made in merger regulations, can be found at section 6(2). Regulations will be tailored to the specific circumstances of each particular merger.	It is anticipated that any merger regulations will be considered and made by the National Assembly by March 2016. Regulations will require the approval of the National Assembly. Vesting day for the new voluntarily merged Authority(ies) would be 1 April 2018.
7(4)	The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance on the exercise of functions by Shadow Authorities and Shadow Executives established or appointed pursuant to merger regulations.	It will be necessary for the Welsh Ministers to issue guidance to Shadow Authorities and Shadow Executives on the exercise of their functions in preparing for the establishment of new	The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance on the functions of the Shadow Authority and Executive, such as, the timing of senior appointments for the new Principal Authority, determining the location of	Guidance will be published in advance of the establishment of Shadow Authorities by April 2017 and when required subsequently.

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	The power in section 7(4) is dependent on that in section 6(1) because guidance will be required to inform the exercise of functions by the Shadow Authorities and Shadow Executives formed in accordance with the provisions within voluntary merger regulations.	Authorities.	Headquarters, Service Plans and Pay Policy Statements.	
10(2)	The Welsh Ministers may by regulations of general application make supplementary, incidental, consequential, transitional and saving provision for the purposes of or in consequence of merger regulations, or for giving full effect to merger regulations. This power links to the power given to the Welsh Ministers in section 6(1), allowing the Welsh Ministers to make merger regulations.	Merger regulations may include consequential etc. provision to facilitate and give full effect to mergers. The Welsh Ministers may also need to make regulations of general application to address other consequential matters.	It is intended each merger will be effected by way of a separate set of merger regulations. In the event that further consequential matters are identified which are common to all voluntary mergers, it is intended they will be addressed by way of regulations of general application under section 10(2). A list of matters which might be included in consequential etc. regulations is found at section 10(4).	At the appropriate times following the making of merger regulations and before Vesting Day.

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10(10)	Enables the Welsh Ministers to vary merger regulations (made under section 6) or to vary or revoke regulations of general application (made under section 10(2)).	The Welsh Ministers may need to vary merger regulations (under section 6), or vary or revoke regulations of general application (under section 10(2)) to take account of changed circumstances in the merged authority.	The Welsh Ministers might wish to vary merger regulations for example if the Shadow Authority for the new Authority has requested different names for the Authority from those listed in the merger regulations.	At the appropriate times following the making of merger regulations or regulations of general application and before Vesting Day.
			The Welsh Ministers might want to vary or revoke regulations made under section 10(2) if new circumstances had arisen which had not been provided for in the regulations made.	
Transitio	n Committees			
11	The Welsh Ministers must make regulations requiring the Principal Local Authorities for a proposed new Principal Area to establish a transition committee for that proposed Principal Area. Similar provision to establish transition committees was made in section 46 of the Local	Previous Local Government reorganisations in Wales have required the establishment of statutory joint transition committees to consider and advise merging Principal Local Authorities on transitional matters. Previous experience indicates that these committees did valuable work, but they could have been more	The Bill requires the Welsh Ministers, by regulations, to require the Principal Local Authorities of the Principal Areas which are to be merged to create a new Principal Area (whether by way of voluntary merger regulations or a subsequent Bill or National Assembly Act), to establish a transition committee for that	It is intended that merger regulations, for voluntary mergers, will include provision for the establishment of transition committees and specify the date on which they will be established. The intention is for these transition committees to

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	Government (Wales) Act 1994 and section 264 of the Local Government Act 1972.	useful if they had been established on a statutory basis earlier in the process.	proposed new area. The role of the transition committee is to prepare for the establishment of the new Authorities by undertaking essential preparatory activities, as well as considering anything else the committees consider expedient to ensure the new Principal Local Authority will be able to function effectively from the day it assumes the full range of its responsibilities.	be established as soon as possible after 1 April 2016. It is intended that separate regulations will be made for the establishment of transition committees for those mergers which are to be effected by way of the second Local Government Bill following the introduction of that Bill in autumn 2016.
12(3)	In default of agreement by merging Authorities, the Welsh Ministers will determine the number of members of a transition committee. This would not be subject to Assembly procedure. This power links to section 11 and the establishment of transition committees.	Merging Authorities may fail to reach agreement on the number of members of a transition committee. If the need arises, the Welsh Ministers will provide a determination so that the work of a transition committee is not delayed.	If merging Authorities fail to reach agreement, Welsh Ministers will determine the size of transition committee in order to ensure the important work of the committee is able to proceed.	To be utilised, in consultation with the merging Authorities as far as possible, if required in line with the above timetables for the establishment of transition committees.

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13(1)(c)	The Welsh Ministers have the power to give directions as to additional matters in respect of which the transition committee must provide advice or recommendations to the merging Authorities and Shadow Authorities. This power links to section 11 and the establishment of transition committees.	Unanticipated matters may arise during the transition period, and the Welsh Ministers may need to add to the matters upon which a transition committee or committees must provide advice or recommendations to the merging Authorities and Shadow Authorities.	Guidance to be issued under section 13(5) will spell out headline functions for transition committees. The circumstances of a particular merger could make it appropriate to issue directions specifically to the transition committee for that merger if, for example, it (alone among proposed mergers) crossed preserved county boundaries.	This is a discretionary power to be utilised if required.
13(2)	The Welsh Ministers have the power to give directions to transition committees (individually, all or as a group) to exercise their functions in accordance with the direction. This power links to section 11 and the establishment of transition committees.	It may be necessary for the Welsh Ministers to direct an individual transition committee, particular transition committees or all transition committees as to the exercise their functions.	The Welsh Ministers would exercise this power, for example, in circumstances where the transition committee was considered to have given inadequate attention to preparing a suitable Welsh language policy for the new Authority.	This is a discretionary power to be utilised if required.
13(5)	The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance to transition committees on the exercise of their functions.	The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance on the range of preparatory activities that merging Authorities need to address in order to ensure that the new Principal Authority can	The guidance would largely be concerned with the types and process of preparatory activities that it is considered the committees should undertake, and might include:	Guidance will be published to coincide with the establishment of transition committees, or as and when required in respect of unanticipated

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	This power links to section 11 and the establishment of transition committees.	function fully on Vesting Day.	Service Delivery Plans, recommendations for Pay Policy Statements, Welsh language considerations, agreeing first budgets, setting council tax rates and issuing council tax bills.	matters.		
15(2)	In default of agreement by merging Authorities, the Welsh Ministers will determine the apportionment of transition committee costs. This power links to section 11 and the establishment of transition committees.	Merging Authorities may fail to reach agreement on the apportionment of transition committee costs. If the need arises, the Welsh Ministers will provide a determination as to the meeting of the committee's costs so that the work of a transition committee is not	If merging Authorities fail to reach agreement, Welsh Ministers will determine the division of transition committee costs. This will ensure the work of a transition committee is not hindered by disagreement or potential administrative prevarication.	To be utilised, in consultation with the merging Authorities as far as possible, if required.		
		delayed.	Use of the power will be tailored to the circumstances of the particular merger.			
Electoral	Electoral arrangements etc. for new Principal Areas					
16(1)	The Welsh Ministers may direct the Local Democracy and Boundary Commission for Wales ("the LDBCW" or "Commission") to conduct an initial review of the electoral	The role of the LDBCW is to keep all Local Government areas in Wales and the electoral arrangements for the Principal Areas under review. Under current legislation, the	The Welsh Ministers intend using their powers of direction to require the LDBCW to start work on reviews of proposed Principal Areas to be created by merger regulations or by a	Directions in respect of both voluntarily merging Authorities and mandatory mergers will be issued following Royal Assent to this Bill.		

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	arrangements for a proposed Principal Area. This power is linked to section 6(1), in the case of early voluntary mergers, and also links to existing powers in section 29 of the Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 ("the 2013 Act").	LDBCW can only undertake reviews of Principal Areas already established by statute. Section 16(1) of the Bill will enable the Welsh Ministers to direct the LDBCW to undertake an initial review of the electoral arrangements for a proposed Principal Area. This is intended to ensure that reviews are completed and new electoral arrangements are in place in time for the first elections to voluntarily merged Authorities in May 2018 and for Authorities merged by the second Bill in May 2019. These timelines could not be met under the existing legislative arrangements.	second Bill to be introduced into the National Assembly. A direction under section 16(1) will specify the proposed Principal Area concerned and the date by which the LDBCW must make a report to the Welsh Ministers containing recommendations for the electoral arrangements for the Principal Area concerned.	In relation to voluntary mergers, the issuing of directions will be timed to enable reviews to be completed and implemented prior to elections being held in 2018 and, in relation to mandatory mergers, to enable reviews to be completed and implemented prior to elections being held in 2019.
17(3)	The Welsh Ministers may give general directions to the LDBCW about the conduct of initial reviews, including the order in which reviews are to be conducted and specific matters to which the Commission must have regard	The Welsh Ministers will need to give general directions to the LDBCW about the conduct of initial reviews.	The directions will enable the Welsh Ministers to prescribe the order in which reviews are to be conducted, so priority is given to any Authorities being established by voluntary merger. Directions might also cover the potential maximum	Directions will be given following Royal Assent to this Bill.

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	when conducting its reviews. This power links to section 16 and the Welsh Minister's directions to the LDBCW to conduct initial reviews of electoral arrangements in proposed Principal Areas.		size of councils for Principal Authorities.	
17(8)	The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance to the LDBCW on the conduct of initial reviews. This power links to section 16 and the Welsh Minister's directions to the LDBCW to conduct initial reviews of electoral arrangements in proposed Principal Areas.	The Welsh Ministers may need to issue guidance to the LDBCW relating to the conduct of initial reviews.	Guidance might potentially cover the appropriateness of multi-member wards, rural sparsity and respecting community identity.	This a discretionary power to be used if required.
22(1)	The Welsh Ministers may, through regulations, implement (with or without modification) any recommendation contained in a report by the LDBCW, following a review of the electoral arrangements for a proposed Principal Area. This power links to section 6(1)	The Welsh Ministers will consider the reports and recommendations of the LDBCW and may implement any recommendation (with or without modification) contained in the reports.	The regulations are needed to establish the electoral arrangements for the new Principal Authorities. The content of the regulations will depend on the reviews undertaken and recommendations submitted by the LDBCW.	For voluntary mergers, regulations will be made by September 2017 in readiness for May 2018 elections. For mandatory mergers, regulations will be made by September 2018 in readiness for May 2019

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	(insofar as voluntary mergers are concerned), and follows on from powers detailed in sections 16(1) and 17(3) of the Bill.		The procedure mirrors that already in place for the implementation of electoral arrangements reviews under the 2013 Act.	elections.
22(5)	Enables the Welsh Ministers to vary or revoke regulations made under section 22(1).	The Welsh Ministers may need to vary or revoke electoral arrangements regulations made under section 22(1) to take account of changed circumstances in the merged authority.	The initial regulations may need to be varied, for example, to take account of a name change in the case of a named electoral ward. The regulations will need to be revoked when the LDBCW does its next periodic review of electoral arrangements in the new Authority and recommends changes, necessitating the making of new regulations.	This is a discretionary power to be used if and when required.
23(2)	The Welsh Ministers may, through regulations, make provision for the electoral arrangements of a proposed Principal Area, if the LDBCW has not submitted a report and recommendations by the date specified in a direction under section 16(1).	The Welsh Ministers will exercise this power in the event that the LDBCW fails to submit a report and recommendations within the timescale specified in a direction under section 16.	This power will be used in order to avoid delay in creating the council of the new Principal Authority. In this eventuality, the LDBCW must conduct its first review of the new Principal Area under section 29 of the 2013 Act as soon as possible after the first ordinary elections to the new	To be exercised only in the circumstances where the LDBCW has failed to submit a report with recommendations within the timescale specified in the direction.

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			Principal Local Authority.	
			The power provides that the LDBCW must share with the Welsh Ministers any information that it has received or work that it has already carried out.	
23(5)	Enables the Welsh Ministers to vary or revoke regulations made under section 23(2).	The Welsh Ministers may need to vary or revoke regulations made under section 23(2) to take account of changed circumstances.	The initial regulations may need to be varied, for example, to take account of a name change in the case of a named electoral ward. The regulations will need to be revoked when the LDBCW does its next periodic review of electoral arrangements in the new Authority and recommends changes, necessitating the making of new regulations.	This is a discretionary power to be used if and when required.
24	The Welsh Ministers may, through regulations, amend section 29(3) of the 2013 Act to reset the start date of the next 10-year electoral arrangements review period, following the establishment of new merged Authorities.	Under the 2013 Act, the LDBCW is required to conduct electoral arrangements reviews for all Principal Local Authorities within a ten-year review cycle, beginning in 2013. The proposed programme of	The Welsh Ministers propose to use their regulation-making power to amend the 2013 Act to reset the 10-year review cycle to start once the initial reviews for new Areas have been completed.	It is intended that regulations will be made to reset the start date when all of the initial reviews and electoral arrangement orders have been made by 2019.

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		Local Authority mergers will necessitate the LDBCW conducting initial electoral arrangements reviews for each new Principal Area prior to all first elections for those areas taking place by 2019.		
Remuner	ration etc. arrangements for nev	v Principal Local Authorities		
25(1)	The Welsh Ministers have the power to direct the Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales ("the Panel"), to exercise its functions under the 2011 Measure, as modified by the Bill, in relation to the pay and pensions of members of Shadow and merging Principal Local Authorities. Existing powers are set out in Part 8 of the 2011 Measure and, with regard to voluntary mergers, link with section 6(1) of the Bill.	The Panel has a range of functions under the 2011 Measure in respect of payments and pensions for members of Local Authorities. Like the LDBCW, under the current legislative framework, the Panel can only exercise functions in relation to existing Principal Local Authorities (amongst others).	Section 25(1) of the Bill will enable the Welsh Ministers to direct the Panel to make determinations for payments in relation to members of Shadow Authorities (both those merged voluntarily and those merged by the second Bill); and for members of the new Principal Local Authorities in readiness for their coming into existence.	Directions to be given following Royal Assent to the Bill, and timed so determinations can be made (i) in advance of shadow authorities being established; and (ii) before the new Principal Local Authorities assume the full range of functions for their Areas.
27(3)	The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance to the Panel in relation to the exercise of its	It may be necessary for the Welsh Ministers to issue guidance to the Panel relating	Guidance could, for example, elaborate on the circumstances of members of	This is a discretionary power to be used if

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	functions under the Bill. Existing powers are set out in Part 8 of the 2011 Measure and, with regard to voluntary mergers, link with section 6(1) of the Bill.	to the exercise of its functions.	shadow authorities who were also members of existing Authorities.	required.
28(6)	The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance to transition committees and Shadow Authorities on their functions connected to the preparation of pay policy statements under the Bill. This builds on existing provision in section 38 of the Localism Act 2011.	The Bill requires a transition committee to make and publish recommendations to a Shadow Authority in respect of the Shadow Authority's duty to prepare a pay policy statement. The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance in relation to this.	The intention is that the guidance will build on the existing guidance issued by the Welsh Ministers on pay policy statements.	Guidance to be published as close as possible to the establishment of transition committees.
35(3)	The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance to the Panel about the exercise of its temporarily extended functions under section 143A of the 2011 Measure concerning the pay of chief officers of Principal Local Authorities, in the period between commencement of section 35(1) of the Bill and 31	Under the 2011 Measure, currently the Panel may make recommendations in relation to an Authority's pay policy statement which relates to the salary, or any proposed change of salary, for the head of paid service (i.e. the Chief Executive or Managing Director) of a Principal Local	The intention is to ensure there are safeguards to ensure the remuneration of senior officers in local government in Wales during the reform period (until 31 March 2020) are subject to informed comment and advice from an independent public body.	Guidance to be published as soon as possible following Royal Assent to the Bill.

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	March 2020.	Authority. The Bill provides extra safeguards by extending the existing responsibility of the Panel to cover the salaries of all chief officers until March 2020.					
36(b)	Section 36(b) adds a new subparagraph (1A) to schedule 2 to the 2011 Measure to provide a power for the Welsh Ministers, through regulations, to change the maximum number of persons to be appointed as members of the Panel. The requirement for this power results from the additional work initiated by section 35 of the Bill and links with the provision in section 36(a) which increases the maximum size of the Panel from 5 to 6 members.	The purpose of this power is to facilitate the effective and efficient conduct of the Panel's functions. It provides flexibility for the Welsh Ministers to amend the number of persons appointed as Members of the Remuneration Panel.	The change at section 36(a) recognises that the extension of the Panel's functions under this Bill represents a significant, albeit temporary, increase in its workload. The Welsh Ministers will use their regulation-making powers to further amend the prescribed maximum number of Panel members if its future workload suggests this is appropriate.	This is a discretionary power to be utilised if required.			
Restrain	Restraints on transactions by merging Authorities						
32(4)	The Welsh Ministers have the power, through regulations, to	To safeguard against negative or otherwise potentially	The Welsh Ministers believe the values for each type of	This is a discretionary power to be utilised if			

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	substitute a different value for transactions, specified in subsections 31(1), (3)(a), (3)(b), (5), (7) or (8), which are subject to the reporting or consent regimes in sections 29 and 30 of the Bill. The power is linked to the sections of this Bill mentioned in the preceding paragraph. A similar provision was made in Section 51 of the Local Government (Wales) Act 1994.	damaging behaviour by merging Authorities in the run up to the establishment of new Authorities, the Bill requires a merging Authority to seek an opinion from the relevant transition committee and, when established, the consent of the Shadow Authority before proceeding with transactions above a certain value stipulated in the Bill.	transaction on the face of the Bill are appropriate. However, the Bill enables the Welsh Ministers to substitute different values should they consider it appropriate to respond to changing circumstances.	required.
32(5)	The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance to merging Authorities, Shadow Authorities and transition committees on the operation of the restraint provisions in the Bill. Linked to sections 29 to 31.	The Welsh Ministers may need to issue guidance on administrative procedures for implementing the restraint requirements within sections 29 to 31 of the Bill.	Guidance might be needed to cover administrative procedures for seeking an opinion from transition committees, requiring merging authorities to advise third parties of the need to refer a transaction and on informing third parties of opinion, consent and implications.	Guidance to be published as soon as possible following Royal Assent to the Bill.